





Satellite Flaring Measurement

Louise Oatey & Leo Turon Decarbonisation Conference

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Remote sensing R&D overview at Total Energies



Anywhere on the Earth

Spatial resolution

Temporal resolution

Spectral resolution



- Open data
- Machine learning & deep learning = AI for satellite image







Environment Vegetations classification Carbon sinks Water









Satellite imagery



R&D





Industrialization







Renewables

Solar, wind

prospection

Agrivoltaics

Floating PV

Observation of flaring from space



- Satellite imagery is able to monitor these events worldwide.
- It detects active flaring on multispectral images. **Short-Wave Infra-red** bands are the most relevant to highlight flaring.







CFR

Comparison of spatial resolution between VIIRS and Sentinel 2 images





Increase of spatial resolution



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2 km

Sentinel 2 offshore capabilities











Gas flow rate prediction







Sentinel 2 time series analysis





Contouring the detections







Model building

- 10 minutes resolution in-situ flow-meters on 4 sites
- Matched 364 Sentinel 2 acquisition with in-situ measurement
- Stefan Boltzmann's law : $RH = \sigma T^4 S$

Where RH = radiant heat in megawatts (MW), σ = the Stefan–Boltzmann constant, T is temperature in K and S = source area in square meters

• Planck curve fitting to find T and S





Results

- North Sea Site with 98 detections from Jan 2019 to Sept 2021
- Correlation between reported and model estimated flow rates is 0,91





Model estimation (bln sm3/year)

Reported flow rate (bln sm3/year)











Works worldwide with a clear sky. Revisit time : 2 to 5 days.

Decision-making app From R&D to operations (GHG emission reduction)

CUMULATIVE FLARING VOLUME

Using other multispectral images (VIIRS, Landsat)



